Q4, 2020

Evolutionary Cytokines Revolutionary Medicines

Fahar Merchant, Ph.D





Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation are "forward-looking statements. Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always using words or phrases such as "expect", "seek", "endeavour", "anticipate", "plan", "estimate", "believe", "intend", or stating that certain actions, events or results may, could, would, might or will occur or be taken, or achieved) are not statements of historical fact and may be "forward-looking statements".

Forward-looking statements are based on expectations, estimates and projections at the time the statements are made that involve a number of risks and uncertainties which would cause actual results or events to differ materially from those presently anticipated. Forward-looking statements are based on expectations, estimates and projections at the time the statements are made and involve significant known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions. A number of factors could cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These include, but are not limited to, the risk factors discussed in the public filings made by Medicenna with the applicable securities commissions, including the Annual Information Form dated May 14, 2020. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements prove incorrect, actual results, performance or achievements could vary materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements could vary materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements are material to be considered carefully and prospective investors should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

Although the forward-looking statements contained in this document are based upon what Medicenna currently believes to be reasonable assumptions, Medicenna cannot assure prospective investors that actual results, performance or achievements will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, Medicenna does not have any obligation to advise any person if it becomes aware of any inaccuracy in or omission from any forward-looking statement, nor does it intend, or assume any obligation, to update or revise these forward-looking statements to reflect new events or circumstances

Company Overview

Evolutionary Cytokines, Revolutionary Medicines

Medicenna is a clinical stage immunotherapy company that uses directed evolution to generate engineered interleukins called Superkines that can modulate, fine-tune or amplify the immune system in order to combat the most challenging diseases and inspire hope in patients with unmet needs

Nasdaq	MDNA
TSX	MDNA
Headquarters	Toronto, CA
Cash	CDN \$34.2 million (9/30/20)
Debt	\$0
Preferred Shares	0
Cash Runway	Funded through 2022
Issued and Outstanding	48,998,821
Fully Diluted	60,223,781

Expanding Pipeline Anchored by MDNA55 and MDNA11

Candidate	Indication	Discovery	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Pivotal
MDNA55 IL-4 Toxin Fusion	Recurrent Glioblastoma (GBM)					
MDNA11 IL-2 Super Agonist	Cancer Immunotherapies					
MDNA413 IL-4/13 Super Antagonist	Solid Tumors					
MDNA132 IL13Rα2 selective IL-13	Solid Tumors					

Multiple Near-Term Value Inflection Milestones

	H2 2020	H1 2021
MDNA11 MDNA11 to be Phase 1 Ready	✓ Pre-CTA Meeting	Submit application to initiate Phase 1/2 monotherapy study
MDNA55 End of Phase 2 Meeting with FDA	✓ End of Phase 2 meeting with FDA	Pursue Partnership Opportunities
Corporate	✓ Nasdaq Listing	Strengthen Management and Advisory Team



MDNA11

IL-2 Super Agonist for Cancer Immunotherapy



Targeting IL-2 Receptor Subunits in Cancer Therapy



The IL-2 receptor (IL-2R) consists of three subunits

- CD25 (IL-2Rα)
- CD122 (IL-2Rβ)
- CD132 (IL-2Rγ)

Stimulation of CD122

 Key for the activation of cancer killing immune cell such as CD8+ T cells, naïve T cells, and NK cells.

Stimulation of CD25

- Leads to activation of immunosuppressive Tregs, which abrogate the anti-tumor response
- Causes extreme toxicity

Proleukin (recombinant human [rh] IL-2), which selectively stimulates CD25, is approved for the treatment of metastatic melanoma and renal cell carcinoma

Improved IL-2 Variants are Needed

Medicenna has developed MDNA11 to overcome the shortcomings of Proleukin and competing IL-2 variants

Proleukin



Poor safety profile due to selective stimulation of CD25

- Patients are often unable to receive a full course of therapy
- Patients must be treated in the intensive care unit



Poor pharmacokinetic profile

- Half-life on the order of minutes
- Requires dosing every 8 hours for 9 days

Competing IL-2 variants



- Have low CD122 affinity
 - Limited efficacy



Rely on pegylation for half-life extension

 Complex manufacturing increases cost of goods



Superkines: First-Generation IL-2 Variants

LETTER

nature

Exploiting a natural conformational switch to engineer an interleukin-2 'superkine'

Medicenna's MDNA109 platform produced first generation IL-2 variants with 200-fold higher affinity for CD122 (IL-2R β), which is key for the activation of immune cells responsible for cancer killing (CD8+ T cells, naïve T cells, NK cells), yet similar affinity to CD25

	Similar affinity to CD25	200X increased affinity to CD122
SPR data (nM)	CD25	CD122
IL-2	6.6	280
MDNA109	6.6	1.4



Levin, Bates, and Ring et. al, Nature, 2012

Q4 2020 Medicenna Corporate Overview

MDNA11: Next-Generation IL-2 Superkine



MDNA11 is a *potentially best-in-class next-generation IL-2 superkine* with superior CD122 binding without CD25 affinity, thereby preferentially stimulating cancer killing effector T cells and NK cells when compared to competing IL-2 programs.

Q4 2020 Medicenna Corporate Overview

MDNA11

No CD25 Binding and Enhanced Affinity and Selectivity for CD122 Compared to rhIL-2



Competing IL-2 Variants are Weak CD122 Binders



Q4 2020 Medicenna Corporate Overview

MDNA11: Enhanced Selectivity & Potency to Immune Cells

Compared to WT IL-2 (proleukin) MDNA11 exhibits both:

Enhanced potency toward anti-tumor CD8+ T-cells

Reduced potency toward protumor Treg cells



Compared to WT IL-2 (proleukin) THOR-707 has:

Reduced potency toward antitumor CD8+ T-cells

Reduced potency toward protumor Treg cells





Superior Effect in Combo with Checkpoint Inhibitor

Demonstrated in CT26 Tumor Model



MDNA11 (5 mg/kg, IP, 1x/wk for 2 wks) Anti-CTLA4 (4F10, 100 µg, 2x/wk for 2 wks) Average tumor size at initiation of dosing ~ 90 mm³



Average tumor size at initiation of dosing ~ 100 mm3

Charych, D. et al, Clin Cancer Res, 2016



MDNA11 + α CTLA4

Inhibits Tumor Growth and Induces Memory Response



CT26 tumor (~60 mm3) bearing Balb/c mice were treated with MDNA11 (5 mg/kg 1x/week, 2 weeks) or Anti-

CTLA4 (200 µg 2x/week, 2 weeks) by IP injection. Re-challenge experiment performed by implanting 2 x 106 CT26 cells in opposite flank (Day 49, Day 116 and Day 165), without further treatment.

Pilot Non-human Primate (Cynomolgus Monkey) Study

Study Design to Evaluate Safety, PK and PD Profile

Adult cynomolgus monkeys (age: 8-12 years) received 2 doses of MDNA11 by slow IV bolus 14-days apart and monitored for total of 28 days.

- Dose: 10, 30, 100, 300, and 600 mcg/kg
- One male monkey per group
- One monkey also received single dose of 300 mcg/kg MDNA11 and total of 21 days monitoring

Study measurements included

- 1. Clinical observations
- 2. Clinical chemistry
- 3. Hematology
- 4. Immune-profiling with Ki67 analysis of peripheral blood
- 5. Organ weights and macroscopic pathology



Durable, Dose-Dependent Ki67 Expression and CD8+ T-Cell Expansion







MDNA11 Dosing

- 🔶 0.01 mg/kg
- 🗕 0.03 mg/kg
- 🗕 0.1 mg/kg
- 🔶 0.3 mg/kg
- 🔶 0.6 mg/kg

Ki67 is a key marker of antitumor CD8+ T-cell proliferation

Target Ki67 expression of >50% clearly demonstrated with MDNA11 treatment

Proliferation & Expansion of Immune Cells but Not Tregs

MDNA11 induced up to 10-fold expansion in cancer-fighting immune cells (CD4+ T, CD8+ T, and NK Cells) in non-human primate study without: (a) Treg expansion, (b) generating anti-drug antibodies, (c) causing hypotension associated with vascular leak syndrome, (d) cytokine storms, or (e) other undesirable immune mediated side effects.





IL-2 Superkine Program



MDNA11 Next Steps



Pre-CTA meeting (H2 2020)



Initiate Phase 1 clinical trial (Mid 2021)



Report Safety, PK/PD and Biomarker Results from Phase 1 monotherapy study (End 2021)



MDNA55

A Powerful Molecular Trojan Horse Targeting Glioblastoma



Current Treatment Strategies for GBM are Ineffective



* Expression of the DNA repair protein O6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase (MGMT) is responsible for resistance to Temodar used in GBM treatment.

MDNA55: A Targeted Immunotherapy for GBM



Targeting Domain

Lethal Payload

MDNA55

Targets the IL4R, which is expressed in brain tumors and in the tumor microenvironment (TME), but not the healthy brain



Highly Selective

Avoids off-target toxicity

Disrupts the TME

By targeting IL4R positive cells found throughout the TME, MDNA55 unblinds the tumor to the body's immune system

Sustained Immune Memory Response

Anti-tumor immunity is initiated and remains active after MDNA55 is cleared

Q4 2020 Medicenna Corporate Overview

High Tumor Control Rate & Extended Survival

Best Response per Modified RANO (following initial PsP)



Shown is tumor response from nadir based on radiologic assessments only

Tumor Control Rate = 76% (31/41)



Months From Start of MDNA55 Treatment

Improved Tumor Control Rate & Survival in Proposed Population

A Proposed Population comprised of all IL4R High (irrespective of dose) as well as IL4R Low patients receiving the high dose showed over 100% improvement in survival when compared to an External Control Arm (ECA)



Tumor Control Rate = 81% (26/32)

Duration from Relapse (months)

Encouraging Survival Rates Compared to Approved Therapies



Favorable Safety Profile and Well Tolerated

To date 118 patients have been treated with MDNA55:



No systemic toxicity and no clinically significant laboratory abnormalities



Drug-related adverse events were primarily neurological/aggravation of pre-existing neurological deficits characteristic with GBM and have generally been manageable with standard measures



Maximum Tolerated Dose established at 240 μ g for the current study. Notably, there is no evidence of a differential rate of neurological toxicities between doses of MDNA55 up to 240 μ g and a range of up to 900 μ g explored in previous studies.

Planned Phase 3 Trial

Pioneered a Hybrid Design Using External Control





Brain Cancer Represents a Significant Market Opportunity

Market Size Estimated at \$2 Billion Annually

Tumor Type	Annual Incidence ¹	Projected Market ²
Recurrent Glioblastoma (rGBM)	33,300	\$650M
Metastatic Brain Cancer ³	91,500	\$1.30B
Pediatric Glioma	3,800	\$50M
Total	133,500	\$2.0B



Brain Cancer Next Steps

Pursue Partnership Strategy for Further Development

1. GLOBOCAN 2012 http://globocan.iarc.fr/Default.aspx

2. U.S., Europe and Japan

3. Metastatic Brain Cancer numbers from colon, breast and kidney cancer only

Visionary Medicines

MDNA11: IL-2 Superkine	MDNA55: Targets IL4R	Near Term Milestones	Corporate Snapshot	
Best In Class IL-2 Super-agonist	Compelling Clinical Efficacy Positive Phase 2b clinical data in recurrent glioblastoma (rGBM)	MDNA55 End Of Phase 2 Meeting Update Held September 29, 2020	Experienced Management Team C-suite Has Combined 6+ Decades Of Experience In Biotech/Pharma	
Exceptional CD122 Selectivity Boosts cancer killing immune cells without toxicity	Orphan/Fast Track Orphan Designation from EMA/FDA Fast Track Designation from FDA	Submit IND to Commence Phase 1/2 MDNA11 Trial (mid-2021)	World Class Expertise Clinical And Scientific Advisors, Collaborators And Inventors	
Excellent PK/PD Profile Vast improvement over Proleukin	\$2 Billion Potential market of MDNA55 for brain cancer (\$US) ^{1,3}	Safety Portion Of MDNA11 Phase 1 Monotherapy Study Expected Completion In H2 2021	17 Patent Families Offer Strong Protection For Proprietary Technology Platforms	

1. BioXcel Strategic Analysis Report, 2014.

- 2. Globocan 2012: Estimated Cancer Incidence, Mortality and Prevalence Worldwide 2012.
- 3. Decision Resources, Inc Glioblastoma Report, Sept 2013.

Infinite Hope



Thank you

