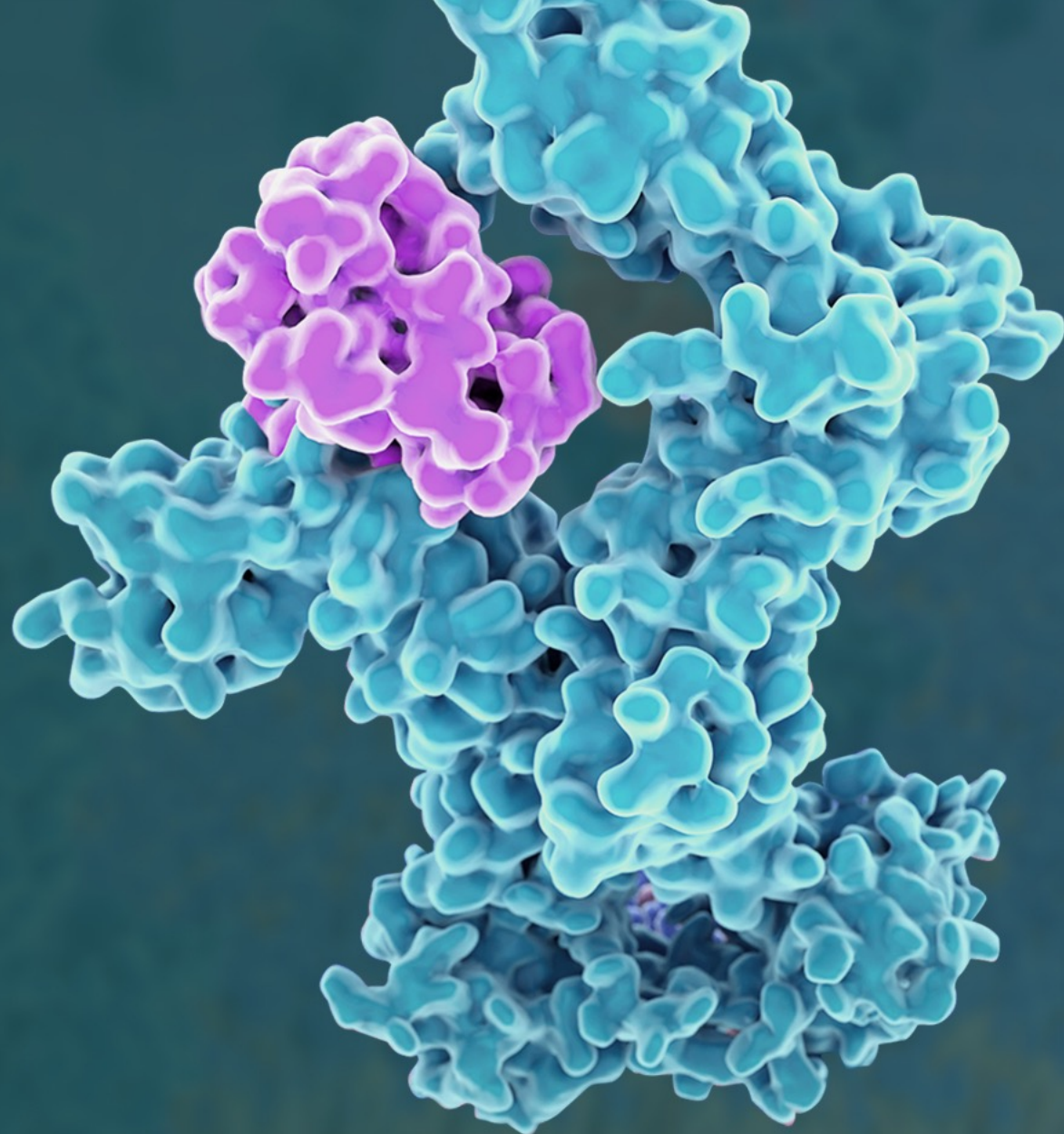


SEPTEMBER 21, 2022

Evolutionary Cytokines Revolutionary Medicines



MEDICENNA

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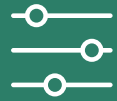
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Investment Highlights

Clinical Data Updates from MDNA11 Program Expected Throughout 2022



Superkine Platform: Drug Discovery Engine

Directed evolution **enhances the desired properties** of IL-2, IL-4, & IL-13 to generate Superkines
Protein fusion can **improve PK, add an MOA, or confer new capabilities** to Superkines
IL-2, IL-4, & IL-13 are known to modulate immune activity against **2,000 different diseases**



MDNA11: “Beta-only” & Long-acting IL-2 Super- agonist in Phase 1/2

Super-agonist against IL-2R, a **clinically validated anti-cancer target**
Enhanced IL-2R β binding and lack of IL-2R α affinity position MDNA11 to be **best-in-class**
Clinical data updates expected **throughout 2022**



MDNA55: Phase 3 Ready Empowered IL-4 Superkine

Targeting recurrent glioblastoma, the most aggressive form of brain cancer
Phase 2b data show **~100% improvement in median OS** vs. a matched external control arm
Pursing a **partnership** to advance development

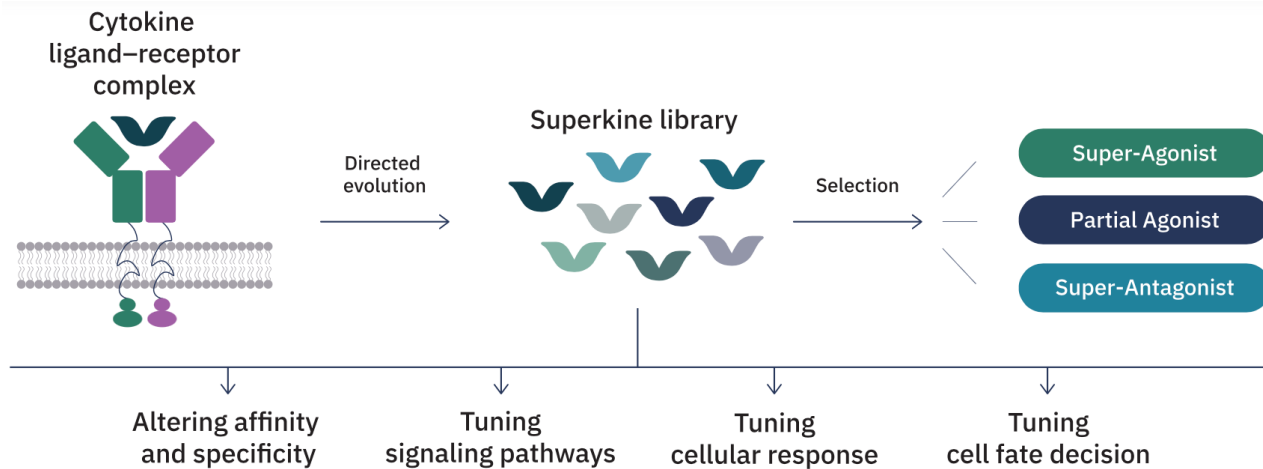


BiSKIT Platform: Bifunctional SuperKines for ImmunoTherapy

Fusion of two Superkines or a Superkine and an antibody (e.g. a checkpoint inhibitor)
Incorporate **two synergistic MOAs** into a single molecule

Superkine Platform Powers Drug Discovery Engine

Transforming IL-2, IL-4 and IL-13 into Druggable Superkines Using Directed Evolution



Our IL-2, IL-4 and IL-13 Superkines are known to modulate immune activity in many diseases, each providing “A Pipeline in a Product” opportunity

Superkine Design and Development



Generate Tunable Superkine Library

Transform interleukins using directed evolution to enhance desired properties



Enhance via Protein Fusion

To improve PK, add a second MOA, or confer new capabilities



Lead Selection & Development

Advance the most promising candidates towards clinical studies



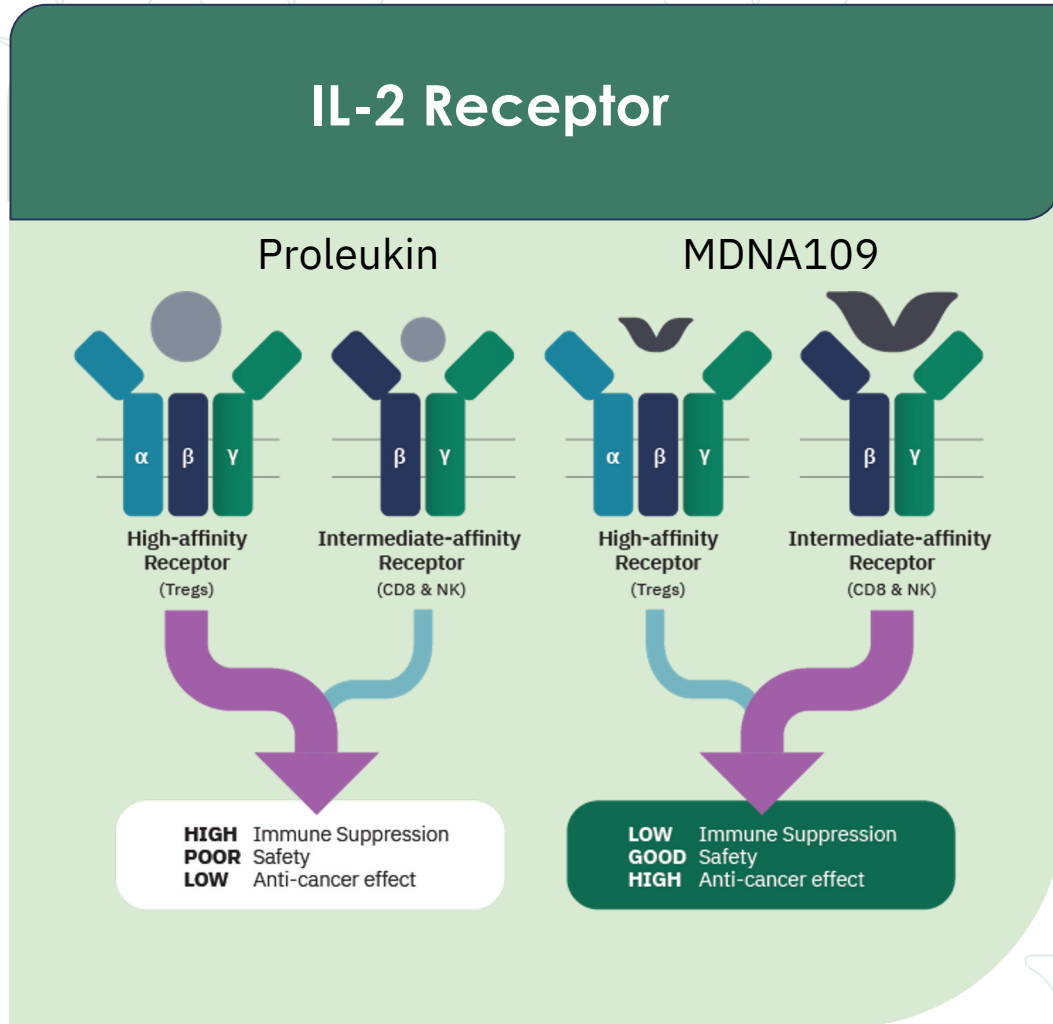


MDNA11

“Beta-only” & Long-acting IL-2 Super-Agonist for Solid Tumors



Targeting IL-2 Receptor Subunits in Cancer Therapy



➤ **The IL-2 receptor (IL-2R) consists of three subunits**

- CD25 (IL-2R α)
- CD122 (IL-2R β)
- CD132 (IL-2R γ)

➤ **Stimulation of CD122**

- Key for the activation of cancer killing immune cell such as CD8+ T cells, naïve T cells, and NK cells

➤ **Stimulation of CD25**

- Leads to activation of immunosuppressive Tregs, which abrogate the anti-tumor response
- Causes extreme toxicity (i.e., pulmonary edema, vascular leak syndrome)

Proleukin® (recombinant human rhIL-2), which selectively stimulates CD25, is approved for the treatment of metastatic melanoma and renal cell carcinoma

Mullard, Nat Rev Drug Discovery 20(3): 163-165, 2021.



IL-2 Transaction Landscape

Bristol Myers and Nektar



\$3.6 Billion licensing transaction

Sanofi and Synthorx



\$2.5 Billion acquisition – Phase 1

Merck and Pandion



\$1.85 Billion acquisition – Phase 1

Roche and Good Therapeutics





\$250M acquisition – Preclinical



MDNA11 Compares Well With Other IL-2 Programs

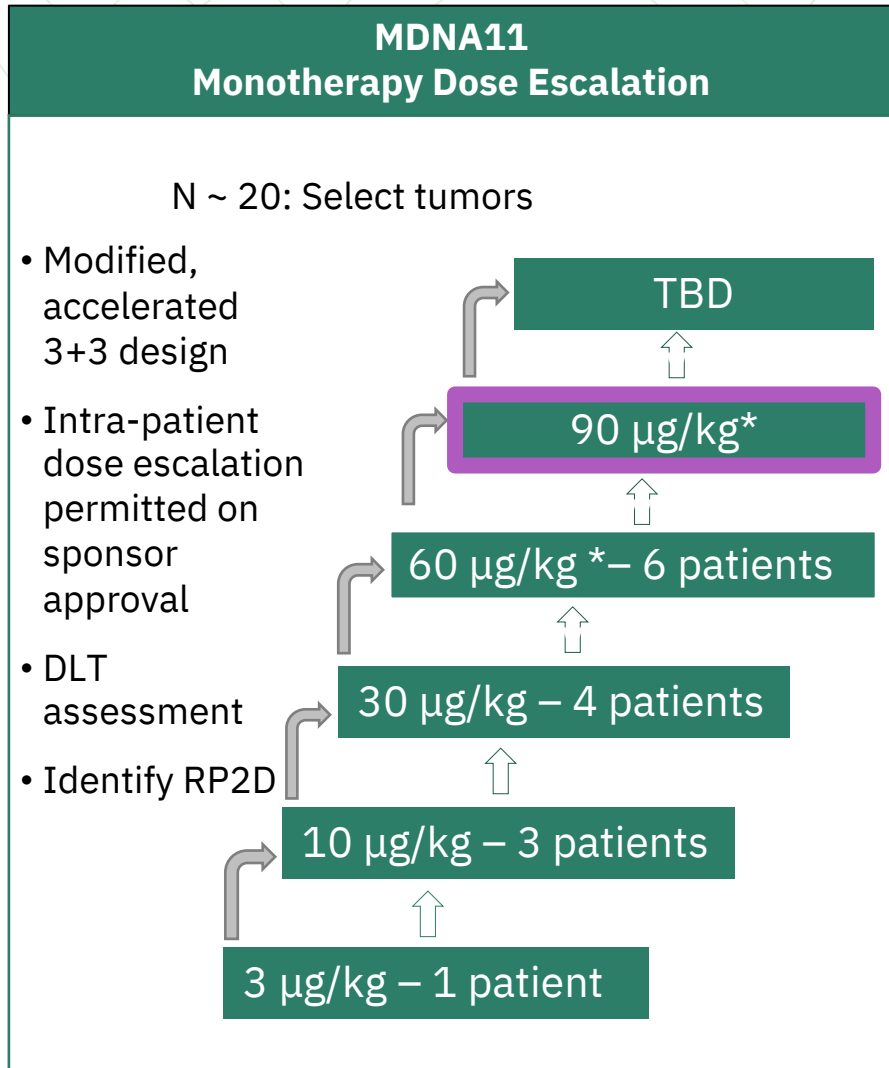
MDNA11's strong anti-tumor activity, preliminary safety profile and convenient outpatient dosing regimen paves the way for a potential best-in-class therapy with significant commercial potential

	 MDNA11	 Proleukin ¹	 SAR'245 ²	 ALKS 4230 ³	 NL-201 ⁴	 WTX-124 ⁵	 XTX202 ⁶	 STK-012 ⁷
No binding to IL-2R α	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
Enhanced IL-2R $\beta\gamma$ Binding	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
Q2W or Q3W Dosing	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	Unknown	✓	✓
Albuminated	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
No Pegylation Liabilities	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗

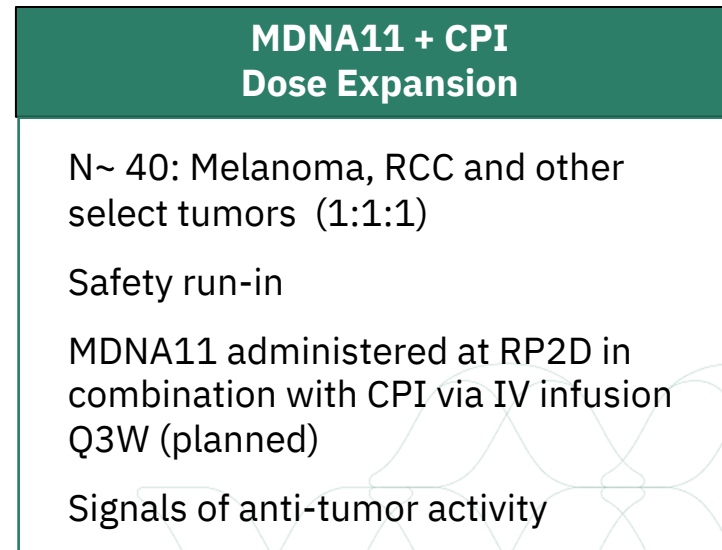
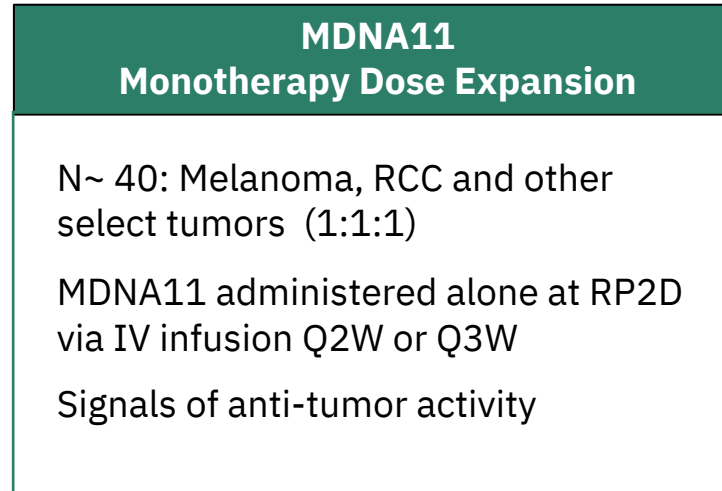
[1] Nature Rev. Drug Discovery (2021). [2] Ptacin et al., Nat Comm (2021). [3] Lopes et al., JITC (2020). [4] Da Silva et al., Nature (2019). [5] Nirschl et al, Cancer Immunol Res (2022). [6] O'Neil et al., ASCO (2021). [7] Oft et al, AACR (2021). Additional information from <https://clinicaltrials.gov/>



Phase 1/2 ABILITY Study Schema: Enrolling Dose Level 5



*Step-up dosing utilized: two priming doses of 30µg/kg given before target dose



Endpoints:

- Safety and tolerability
- ORR (RECIST 1.1)
- Clinical Benefit Rate (CBR) (CR+PR+SD)
- Survival EPs (TTE Analysis) PFS/OS
- Disease Control Rate (DCR)
- Duration of Response (DoR)
- Time to Relapse (TTR)

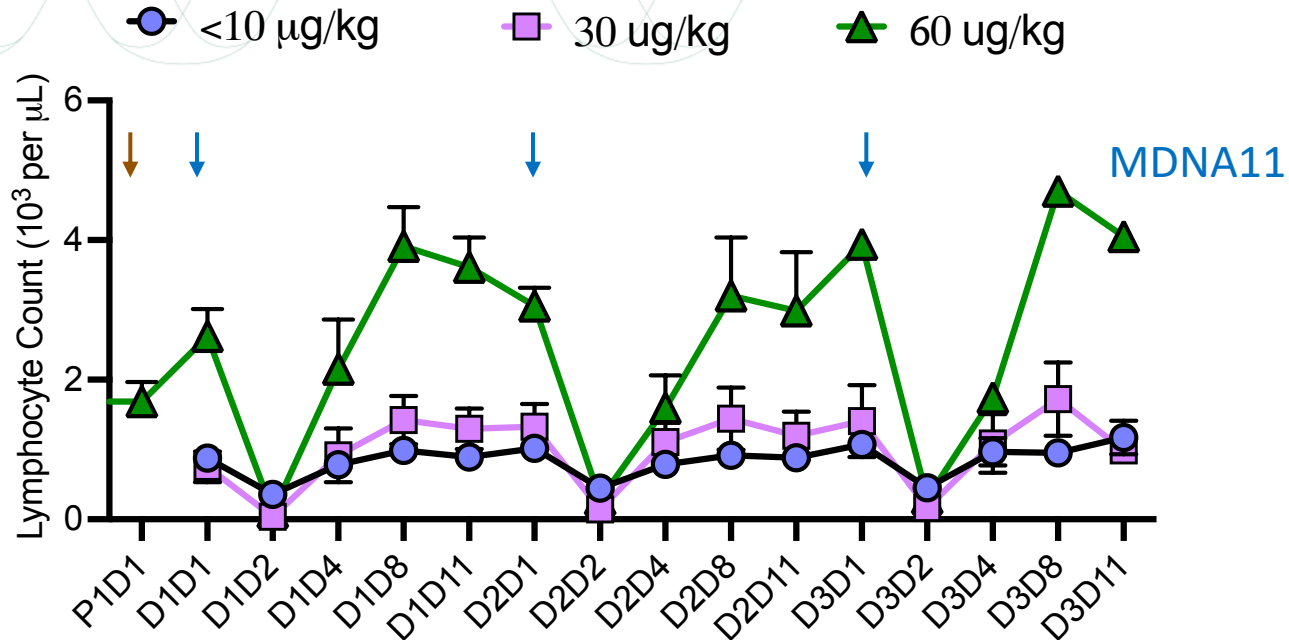
Pharmacodynamic Assessment:

- Immune Cell Profiling (Blood)
- Serum Cytokines
- Multiplex Immunofluorescence (Paired tumor biopsies)
- NanoString Gene Expression (Paired tumor biopsies)



MDNA11 Induced Lymphocyte Expansion

➤ Expansion of circulating lymphocytes irrespective of baseline count



	Average AUC (day.10 ³ cells/µL) (Average of Dose 1 & 2)
< 10 µg/kg	3
30 µg/kg	4.8
60 µg/kg	12.2

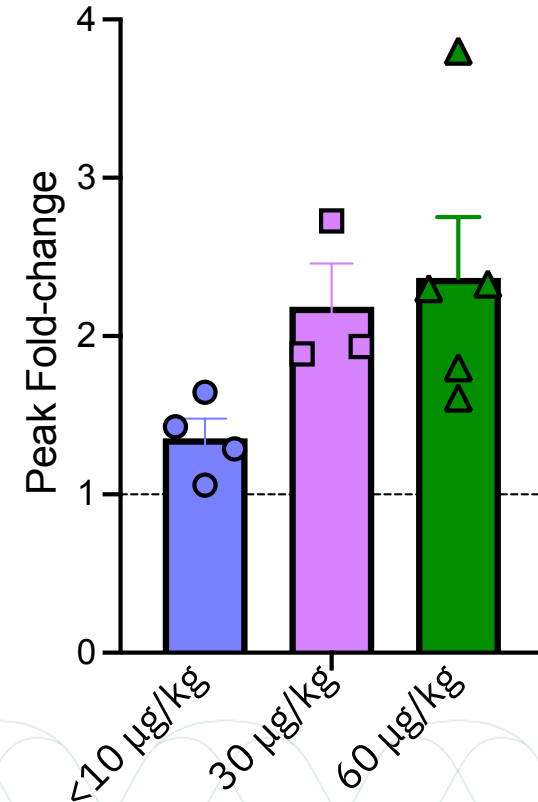
DL4 patients received 2 priming doses (30 µg/kg Q2W) prior to target dose (60 µg/kg Q2W)

Graph shows mean ± SEM.

AUC measured as area between minimum lymphocyte count values

Q3 2022 Medicenna Corporate Overview

Peak Fold-Change



Peak fold-change relative to baseline.

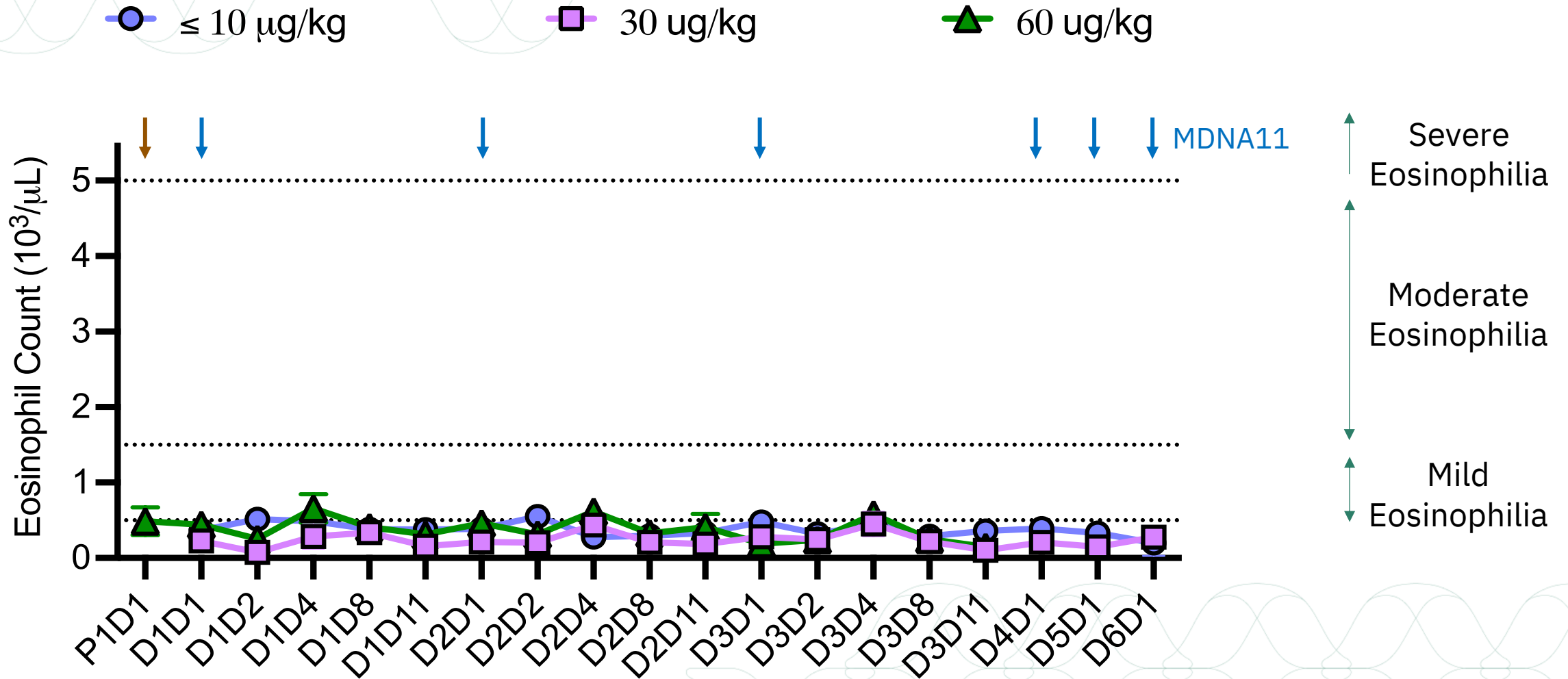
Graph shows mean ± SEM

For < 10 µg/kg and 30 µg/kg, peak data for Dose 3

For 60 µg/kg, peak data for Target Dose 1



No Evidence of Eosinophilia Associated with VLS



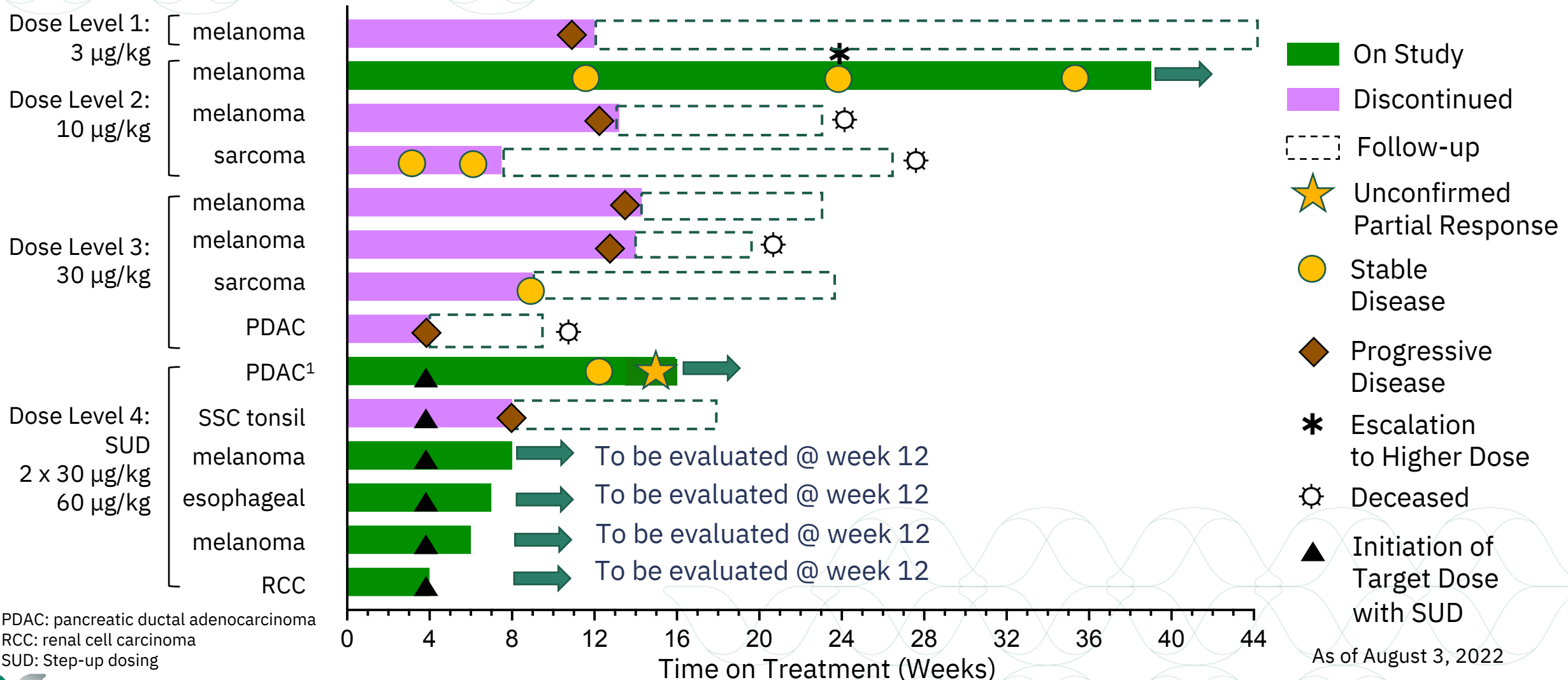
DL4 patients received 2 priming doses ($30 \mu\text{g/kg}$ Q2W) prior to start of target dose of $60 \mu\text{g/kg}$ (Q2W)

Graphs show mean \pm SEM.



Duration of Treatment and Summary of Response

- Tumor control in 4 of 10 evaluable patients (including 1 unconfirmed PR) despite low dose levels and heavily pre-treated patients



PDAC: pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma
 RCC: renal cell carcinoma
 SUD: Step-up dosing

1 – Patient demonstrated stable disease at 12 week scan and an unconfirmed partial response (per RECIST 1.1) at a 16 week scan on August 1, 2022 which is preliminary and must be confirmed by a second scan at equal to or greater than 28 days



MDNA55

Empowered IL-4
Superkine Targeting
Glioblastoma

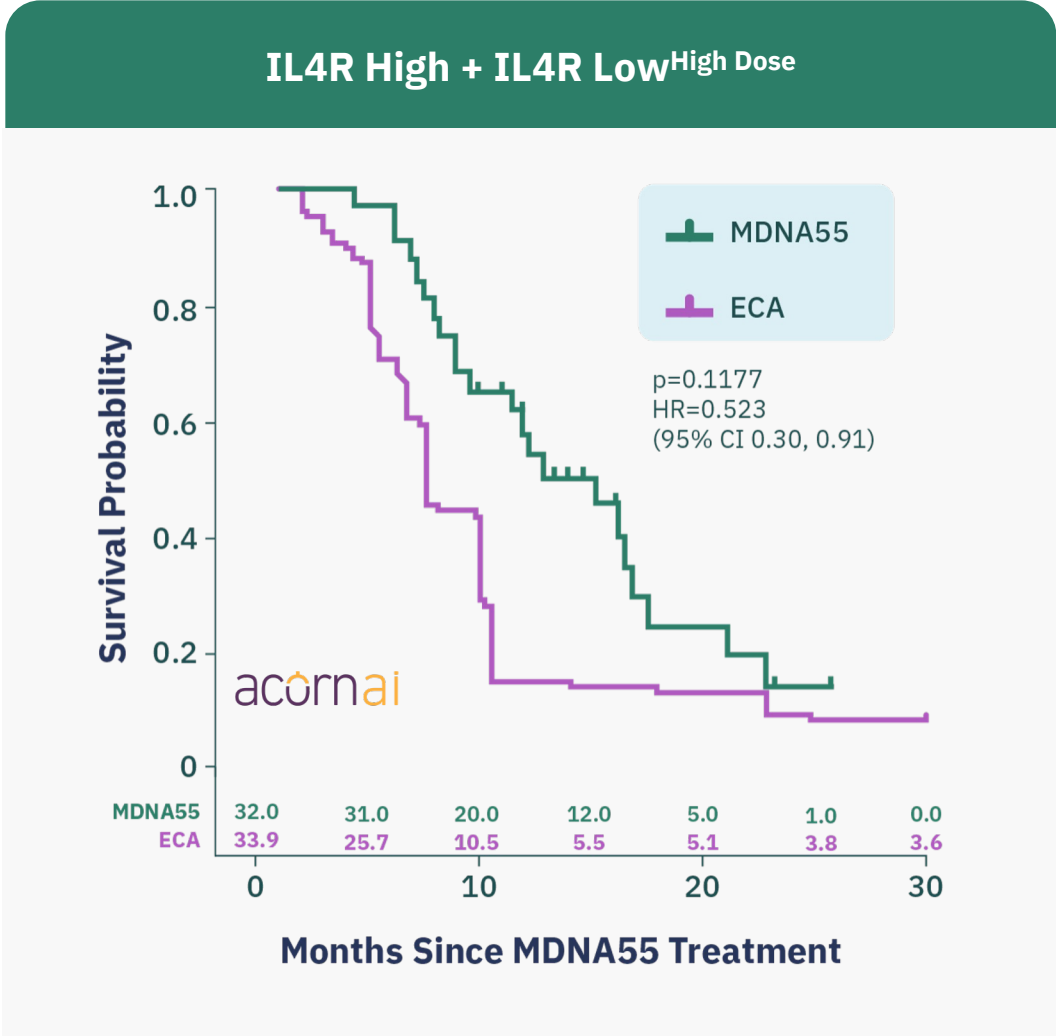


Improvement of ~ 100% in mOS vs External Control Arm (ECA)

Results*

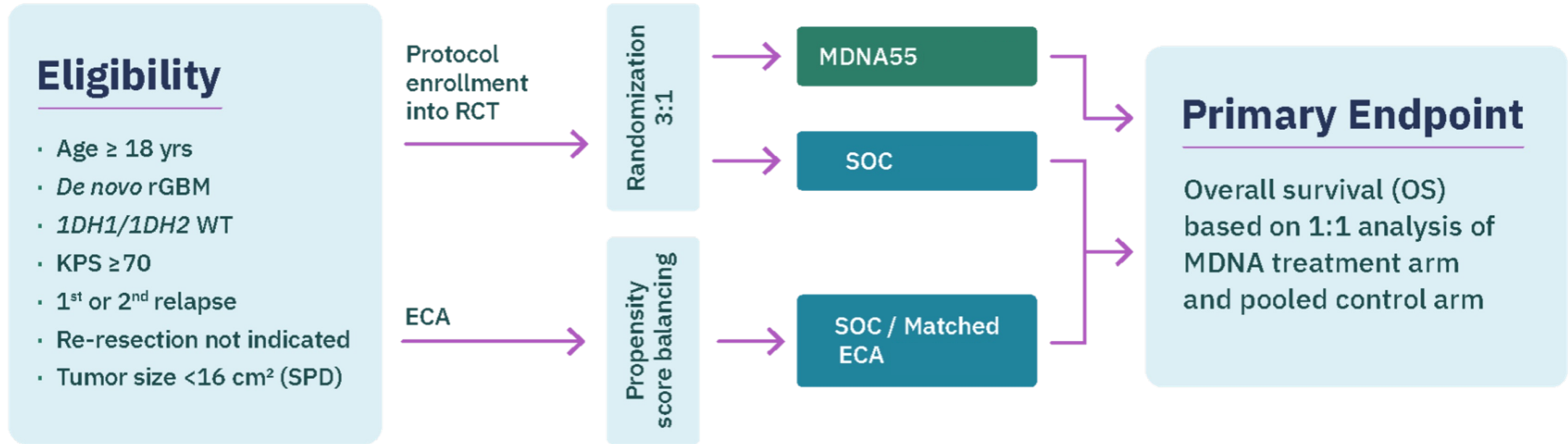
Weighted IL4R High + IL4R Low^{High Dose} (n=32)
mOS is 15.7 months vs 7.2 months in ECA

→ Survival time more than doubled in the IL4R High + IL4R Low^{High Dose} group compared to ECA



Planned MDNA55 Phase 3 Trial – Hybrid Design With ECA

Hybrid Design Trial with an External Control Arm



Study Assumptions

- 90% power
- HR of MDNA55 vs. pooled control = 0.65
- 2-sided alpha = 0.05
- Effect size = 4.6 months in mOS time
- Drop-out rate = ~5%



Upcoming Anticipated Milestones & Financial Summary

2022/2023 Anticipated Milestones

- Fourth Dose Cohort Initial Anti-Tumor Activity Data **(September 2022)**
- Fifth Dose Cohort Initial Anti-Tumor Activity Data **(Q4 2022)**
- Single Agent Expansion Anti-Tumor Activity Data **(Mid 2023)**
- Combination Study Top-Line Anti-Tumor Activity Data **(2H 2023)**

Financial Highlights

Nasdaq/TSX

MDNA

Headquarters

Toronto, CA

Cash

**CDN \$19.3M **
+US\$20M 08/22**

Debt

\$0

Preferred Shares

None

Issued and Outstanding

~70 Million*

Fully Diluted

~92 Million*

*As of August 12, 2022

**As of June 30, 2022



Thank you

Fahar Merchant, PhD

President and CEO

Elizabeth Williams

Chief Financial Officer

